COX7A2L

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications:WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Calculated MW:13kDa

Observed MW:Refer to figures

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein of human COX7A2L

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol,

pH7.3.

Synonym:

EB1; SIG81; COX7AR; COX7RP;

Polyclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID:9167

Isotype:IgG

Purity: Affinity purification

Swiss Prot:O14548

For research use only.

Background:

Cytochrome c oxidase (COX), the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of 3 catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, and the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This nuclear gene encodes a protein similar to polypeptides 1 and 2 of subunit VIIa in the C-terminal region, and also highly similar to the mouse Sig81 protein sequence. This gene is expressed in all tissues, and upregulated in a breast cancer cell line after estrogen treatment. It is possible that this gene represents a regulatory subunit of COX and mediates the higher level of energy production in target cells by estrogen.

To place an order, please Click HERE.





