

S100A6 Human

Description: S100A6 Human Recombinant fused with a 20 amino acid His tag at N-terminus produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 110 amino acids (1-90 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 12.3kDa. The S100A6 is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #: PRPS-155

For research use only.

Synonyms: Protein S100-A6, Calcyclin, Growth factor-inducible protein 2A9, MLN 4, Prolactin receptor-associated protein, PRA, S100 calcium-binding protein A6, S100A6, CACY, 2A9, 5B10, CABP.

Source: Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Amino Acid Sequence: MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MACPLDQAIG LLVAIFHKYS
GREGDKHTLS KKELKELIQK ELTIGSKLQD AEIARLMEDL DRNKDQEVNF QEYVTFGLGAL
ALIYNEALKG.

Purity: Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The S100A6 solution (1 mg/ml) contains 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0), 0.1M NaCl, 1mM DTT and 30% glycerol.

Stability:

S100A6 should be stored desiccated below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Introduction:

S100A6 is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF-hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized either in the cytoplasm or the nucleus of a wide range of cells. S100 proteins are involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. There are at least 13 members in the S100 gene family, which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21. S100A6 may function in stimulation of Ca²⁺-dependent insulin release, stimulation of prolactin secretion, and exocytosis. Chromosomal rearrangements and altered expression of the S100A6 gene are implicated in melanoma.

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