

PDCD6IP Human

Description: PDCD6IP Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 412 amino acids (1-392 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 45.8 kDa. The PDCD6IP is fused to 20 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus and purified by conventional chromatography.

Catalog #: PRPS-799

For research use only.

Synonyms: AIP1, Alix, PDCD6-Interacting Protein, DRIP4, ALG-2 interacting protein 1, Programmed cell death 6-interacting protein, Hp95, PDCD6IP, KIAA1375, MGC17003.

Source: Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Amino Acid Sequence: MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MATFISVQLK KTSEVDLAKP
LVKFIQQTYP SGGEEQAQYC RAAEELSKLR RAAVGRPLDK HEGALETLLR YYDQICSIEP
KFPFSENQIC LTFTWKDAFD KGSLFGGSVK LALASLGYEK SCVLFNCAAL ASQIAAEQNL
DNDEGLKIAA KHYQFASGAF LHIKETVLSA LSREPTVDIS PDTVGTLSLI MLAQAQEVFF
LKATRDKMKD AI

Purity: Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The protein solution contains 20mM Tris-HCl pH-8, 1mM DTT and 10% glycerol.

Stability:

PDCD6IP although stable 4°C for 4 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Introduction:

PDCD6IP is a Class E VPS protein which participates in concentration and sorting of cargo proteins of the multivesicular body or incorporation into intraluminal vesicles that are generated by invagination and scission from the limiting membrane of the endosome. PDCD6IP binds to the phospholipid lysobisphosphatidic acid which is abundant in MVBs internal membranes. The MVB pathway appears to require the sequential function of ESCRT-O, -I, -II and -III complexes. PDCD6IP is an adapter for a subset of ESCRT-III proteins, such as CHMP4, to function at distinct membranes. PDCD6IP is mandatory for completion of cytokinesis. PDCD6IP takes part in HIV-1 virus budding. PDCD6IP replaces TSG101 in its function of supporting HIV-1 release. PDCD6IP takes part in the regulation of both apoptosis and cell proliferation. PDCD6IP is a cytoplasmic protein that cooperates with apoptosis-associated proteins (ALG-2 and PDCD6) and with the endocytosis-regulator CIN85. Overexpression of PDCD6IP and endophilin

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