

CRYBA4 Human

Description:CRYBA4 Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 216 amino acids (1-196 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 24.5kDa.CRYBA4 is fused to a 20 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #:HYP5-055

For research use only.

Synonyms:Beta-crystallin A4, Beta-A4 crystallin, CRYBA4, MCOPCT4.

Source:Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance:Sterile filtered colorless solution.

Amino Acid Sequence:MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MTLQCTKSAG PWKMVVWDED
GFQGRRHEFT AECPSVLELG FETVRSCLKVL SGAWVGFEHA GFQGGQYILE RGEYPSWDAW
GGNTAYPAER LTSFRPAACA NHRDSRLTIF EQENFLGKKG ELSDDYPSLQ AMGWEGNEVG
SFHVHSGAWV CSQFPGYRGF QYVLECDHHS GDYKHFREWG SHAPTFQVQS IRRIQQ.

Purity:Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The CRYBA4 protein (1mg/ml) 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0), 20% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl and 1mM DTT.

Stability:

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Introduction:

Beta-crystallin A4 (CRYBA4) is a member of the beta/gamma-crystallin family which are the dominant structural components of the vertebrate eye lens. Beta-crystallins construct aggregates of various sizes and are able to self-associate to form dimers or to form heterodimers with other beta-crystallins. The CRYBA4 gene being a beta acidic group member is part of a gene cluster with beta-B1, beta-B2, and beta-B3.

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